

The Stone Age And The Bronze Age

Comparing the Stone Age and the Bronze Age

Stone Age	Bronze Age
<p>Tools</p> <p>Tools are not that sharp and they are really heavy to use.</p>	<p>Tools</p> <p>Tools are really easy to use they are super sharp and easy to make tools that can last longer.</p> <p>✓</p>
<p>Homes and buildings</p> <p>At early Stone Age they had no homes then they invented homes out of animal skin. Holes in the ground made by the wooden posts used to build the walls</p>	<p>Homes and buildings</p> <p>At Bronze Age they had two homes one for sleeping and another for their jobs.</p> <p>✓</p>
<p>clothes</p> <p>Females at the Bronze Age wore long. They wore clothes that were made from the animals they killed.</p>	<p>clothes</p> <p>Females at the Bronze age wore long woolen skirts and tunic top.</p> <p>✓</p>
<p>Travel</p> <p>On Stone Age they travelled using foot until farmers came and started taming horses in Britain.</p>	<p>Travel</p> <p>Horses drawn vehicles became an important way for traders and other travellers to get around.</p> <p>✓</p>



From the text you've been given and from what you've learnt in other lessons, research and write in complete sentences about each section below.

The Romans

The Romans conquered Britain in ~~40 AD~~ ^{388 AD} 40 AD. The Romans introduced pottery, currency, Religion, clothing, language, numbers and roads to Britain.

The Scots

The Scots invaded Britain with the help of the Picts. They were originated from Ireland.

Vortigern

King Vortigern was the leader of the Angles, when they arrived in Britain, 449. King Vortigern gave them territory, on the condition that they fight the Picts.

Hengest and Horsa

Hengest and Horsa were happy to oblige and the Picts and Scots were successfully held back. Vortigern asked his 2 brothers, from ^{Jutland} Anglo-Saxons to come and fight for him to stop the Picts and Scots.

The Anglo-Saxons of Britain, in the fifth century, were formed from the Angles, Saxons and Jutes emigrating from different parts of Europe. Many Anglo-Saxons made a living from farming ^{and} trading as well as forming armies to protect themselves. ✓